
Django EnumChoiceField Documentation

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For a quick example, check out the code below:

```
from enumchoicefield import ChoiceEnum, EnumChoiceField

class Fruit(ChoiceEnum):
    apple = "Apple"
    banana = "Banana"
    orange = "Orange"

class Profile(models.Model):
    name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    favourite_fruit = EnumChoiceField(Fruit, default=Fruit.banana)

citrus_lovers = Profile.objects.filter(favourite_fruit=Fruit.orange)
```

Contents:

`django-enumchoicefield` is compatible with Django 2.0 and higher, and Python 3.4 and higher.

You can install `django-enumchoicefield` using `pip`:

```
$ pip install django-enumchoicefield
```


USAGE

The following code outlines the most simple usecase of `EnumChoiceField`:

```
from enumchoicefield import ChoiceEnum, EnumChoiceField

class Fruit(ChoiceEnum):
    apple = "Apple"
    banana = "Banana"
    orange = "Orange"

class Profile(models.Model):
    name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    favourite_fruit = EnumChoiceField(Fruit, default=Fruit.banana)

citrus_lovers = Profile.objects.filter(favourite_fruit=Fruit.orange)
```

The enumerations should extend the `ChoiceEnum` class. For each member in the enumeration, their human-readable name should be their value. This human-readable name will be used when presenting forms to the user.

For more advanced usage, refer to the documentation on [EnumChoiceField](#), [Enum classes](#), or [ORM Queries](#).

ENUMCHOICEFIELD

class `enumchoicefield.fields.EnumChoiceField`(*enum_class*, ...)

Create an `EnumChoiceField`. This field generates choices from an `enum.Enum`.

The `EnumChoiceField` extends `django.db.models.Field`. It accepts one additional argument: `enum_class`, which should be a subclass of `enum.Enum`. It is recommended that this enum subclasses `ChoiceEnum`, but this is not required.

When saving enum members to the database, The chosen member is stored in the database using its name attribute. This keeps the database representation stable when adding and removing enum members.

A `max_length` is automatically generated from the longest name. If you add a new enum member with a longer name, or remove the longest member, the generated `max_length` will change. To prevent this, you can manually set a `max_length` argument, and this will be used instead.

If a default choice is supplied, the enum class must have a `deconstruct` method. If the enum inherits from `DeconstructableEnum`, this will be handled for you.

The display value for the Enums is taken from the `str` representation of each value. By default this is something like `MyEnum.foo`, which is not very user friendly. `PrettyEnum` makes defining a human-readable `str` representation easy.

ENUM CLASSES

class enumchoicefield.enum.**PrettyEnum**

A *PrettyEnum* makes defining nice, human-readable names for enum members easy. To use it, subclass *PrettyEnum* and declare the enum members with their human-readable name as their value:

```
class Fruit(PrettyEnum):
    apple = "Apple"
    banana = "Banana"
    orange = "Orange"
```

The members' values will be automatically set to ascending integers, starting at one. In the example above, `Fruit.apple.value` is 1, and `Fruit.orange.value` is 3.

class enumchoicefield.enum.**DeconstructableEnum**

deconstruct ()

a *DeconstructableEnum* defines *deconstruct()*, compatible with Django migrations. If you want to set a default for an *EnumChoiceField*, the enum must be deconstructable.

class enumchoicefield.enum.**ChoiceEnum**

a *ChoiceEnum* extends both *PrettyEnum* and *DeconstructableEnum*. It is recommended to use a *ChoiceEnum* subclass with *EnumChoiceField*, but this is not required.

ORM QUERIES

You can filter and search for enum members using standard Django ORM queries. The following queries demonstrate some of what is possible:

```
from enumchoicefield import ChoiceEnum, EnumChoiceField

class Fruit(ChoiceEnum):
    apple = "Apple"
    banana = "Banana"
    lemon = "Lemon"
    lime = "Lime"
    orange = "Orange"

class Profile(models.Model):
    name = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    favourite_fruit = EnumChoiceField(Fruit, default=Fruit.banana)

apple_lovers = Profile.objects.filter(favourite_fruit=Fruit.apple)
banana_haters = Profile.objects.exclude(favourite_fruit=Fruit.banana)

citrus_fans = Profile.objects.filter(
    favourite_fruit__in=[Fruit.orange, Fruit.lemon, Fruit.lime])
```

5.1 Ordering

Ordering on a `EnumChoiceField` field will order results alphabetically by the names of the enum members, which is probably not useful. To order results by an enum value, `enumchoicefield.utils.order_enum()` can be used.

`enumchoicefield.utils.order_enum(field, members)`

Make an annotation value that can be used to sort by an enum field.

field The name of an `EnumChoiceField`.

members An iterable of Enum members in the order to sort by.

Use like:

```
desired_order = [MyEnum.bar, MyEnum.baz, MyEnum.foo]
ChoiceModel.objects\
    .annotate(my_order=order_enum('choice', desired_order))\
    .order_by('my_order')
```

As Enums are iterable, `members` can be the Enum itself if the default ordering is desired:

```
ChoiceModel.objects\  
    .annotate(my_order=order_enum('choice', MyEnum))\  
    .order_by('my_order')
```

Any enum members not present in the list of members will be sorted to the end of the results.

5.2 Undefined behaviour

Internally, the enum member is stored as a CharField using the `name` attribute. Any operation that CharFields support are also supported by an *EnumChoiceField*. Not all of these operations make sense, such as `contains`, `gt`, and `startswith`, and may not behave in a sensible manner.

USING WITH THE DJANGO ADMIN

EnumChoiceFields are compatible with the Django admin out of the box, with one exception. If you want to use a *EnumChoiceField* in a *list_filter*, you need to use the *EnumListFilter*.

class `enumchoicefield.admin.EnumListFilter`(*args, **kwargs)

A *FieldListFilter* for use in Django admin in combination with an *EnumChoiceField*. Use like:

```
class FooModelAdmin(ModelAdmin):
    list_filter = [
        ('enum_field', EnumListFilter),
    ]
```


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